






1. NUMBER: Extending addition facts (5 marks)		Answer
(a)	Write the answer for $9 + 4$.	
(b)	If $7 + 6 = 13$ then $70 + 60 = ?$	
(c)	Josh has one bag of 50 potatoes and another of 70 potatoes. How many potatoes does he have altogether?	
(d)	Mary has \$150 and Jim has \$60. How much do they have all together?	
(e)	Karen had 180 books. She bought 13 books and was given 7 books. How many books does she have now?	

2. NUMBER: 2 digit addition (5 marks)									
(a)	47 + 28	(b)	71 + 32	(c)	68 + 39	(d)	45 + 55	(e)	90 + 21

3. NUMBER: Split strategy for addition – add tens then add ones (5 marks)	
e.g. $46 + 23$: add tens ($40 + 20$) then add ones ($6 + 3$) : finally add both $60 + 9 = 69$	






(a) $35 + 28 = (30+20) + (5+8)$ $= 50 + 13 = \boxed{}$		(c) $57 + 25 = (50+20) + (7+5)$ $= \boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$	
(b) $26 + 19 = (20+10) + (6+9)$ $= 30 + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$		(d) $44 + 36 = \boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$ (e) $73 + 28 = \boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$	

4. NUMBER: Bridging to decades (5 marks)				Find the total of each shopping list.					
									
book \$13		pen \$4		CD \$26		calculator \$17		cake \$15	
(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1 book• 1 calculator	(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1 pen• 1 CD	(c)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2 cakes	(d)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2 books• 1 pen• 1 cake	(e)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• one of each item
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$

1. NUMBER: Extending addition facts (5 marks)		Answer
(a)	Write the answer for $9 + 4$.	13
(b)	If $7 + 6 = 13$ then $70 + 60 = ?$	130
(c)	Josh has one bag of 50 potatoes and another of 70 potatoes. How many potatoes does he have altogether?	120 potatoes
(d)	Mary has \$150 and Jim has \$60. How much do they have all together?	\$210
(e)	Karen had 180 books. She bought 13 books and was given 7 books. How many books does she have now?	200 books

2. NUMBER: 2 digit addition (5 marks)									
(a)	47 + 28	(b)	71 + 32	(c)	68 + 39	(d)	45 + 55	(e)	90 + 21
	75		103		107		100		111

3. NUMBER: Split strategy for addition – add tens then add ones (5 marks)	
e.g. $46 + 23$: add tens ($40 + 20$) then add ones ($6 + 3$) : finally add both $60 + 9 = 69$	
(a) $35 + 28 = (30 + 20) + (5 + 8)$ $= 50 + 13 = \boxed{63}$	(c) $57 + 25 = (50 + 20) + (7 + 5)$ $= \boxed{70} + \boxed{12} = \boxed{82}$
(b) $26 + 19 = (20 + 10) + (6 + 9)$ $= 30 + \boxed{15} = \boxed{45}$	(d) $44 + 36 = \boxed{70} + \boxed{10} = \boxed{80}$ (e) $73 + 28 = \boxed{90} + \boxed{11} = \boxed{101}$

4. NUMBER: Bridging to decades (5 marks)		Find the total of each shopping list.
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  book \$13 </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  pen \$4 </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  CD \$26 </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  calculator \$17 </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  cake \$15 </div> </div>		
(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 book 1 calculator 	\$ 30
(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 pen 1 CD 	\$ 30
(c)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 cakes 	\$ 30
(d)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 books 1 pen 1 cake 	\$ 45
(e)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one of each item 	\$ 75